

Quantum Secure Communication Networks: Products and Solutions

QuantumCTek

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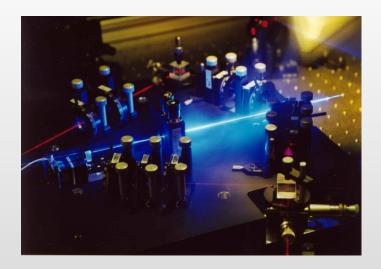
1 Foundation





 Initially founded by the university (USTC) and private investors in 2009

Research Lab (USTC)





Company (QuantumCTeK)



1 Foundation





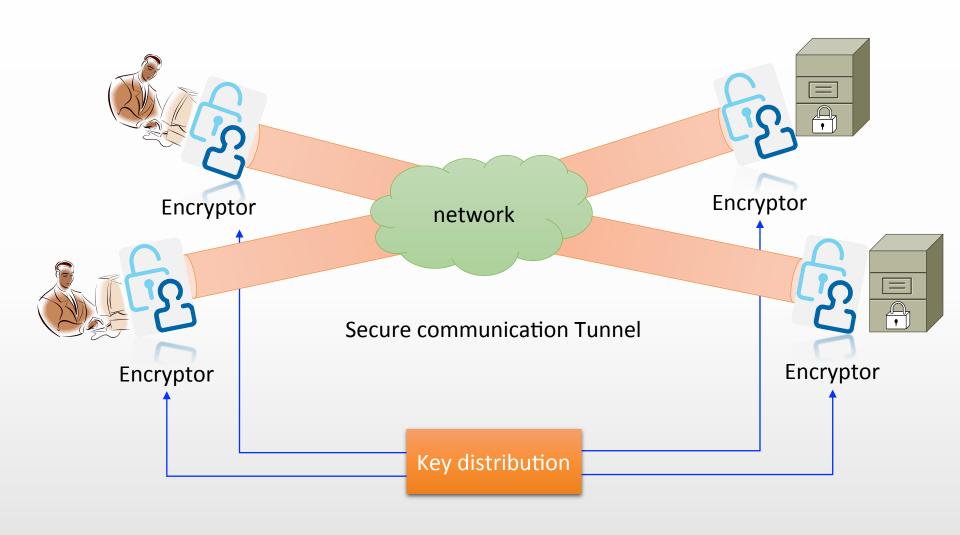
- Initially founded by the university (USTC) and private investors in 2009
- Hefei head quarter, three other branches
- Equip commercial fiber with QKD products

Company (QuantumCTeK)





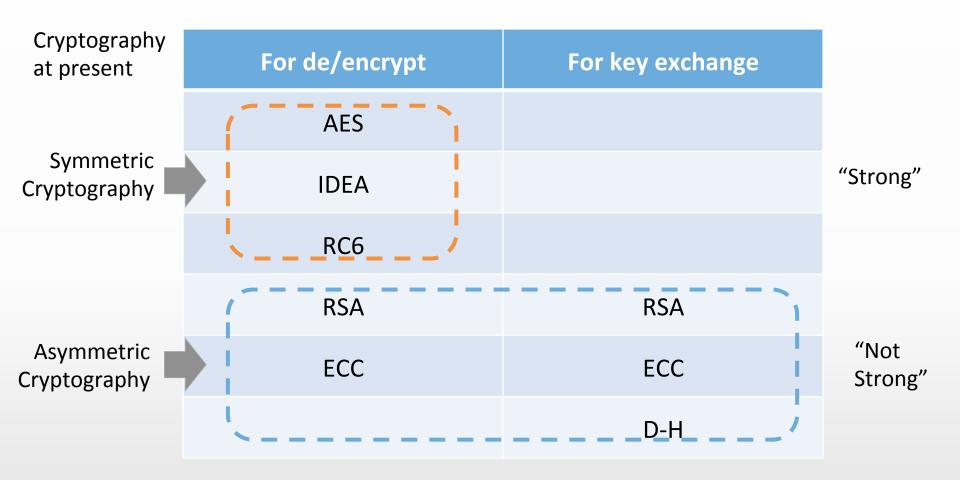




Secure communication = Secure encryption + Secure key distribution

Why QKD and Q-network

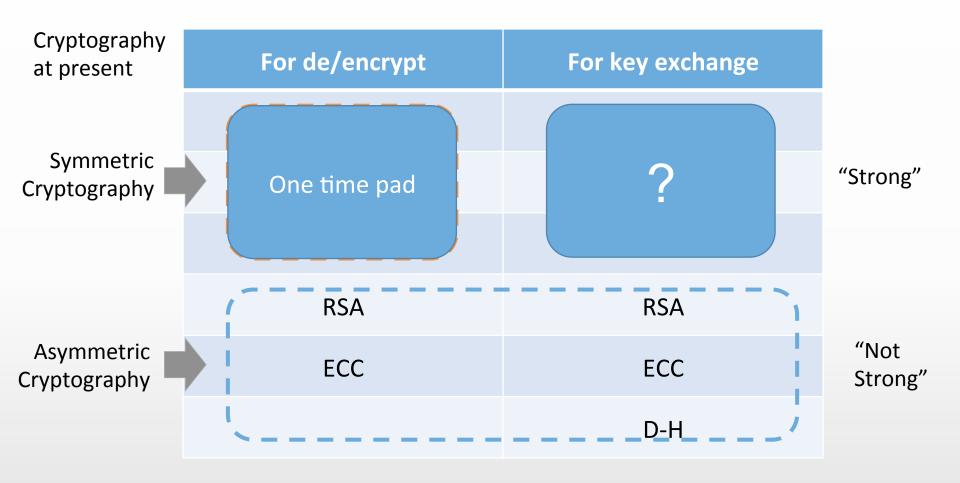




- RSA512 is broken in 1999
- RSA768 is broken in 2009
- RSA1024 is broken in

- All Asymmetric Cryptography at present can be broken by Shor's quantum algorithm
- No asymmetric Cryptography can be unconditional secure





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Post quantum cryptography

achievable Low cost

Maybe antiquantum attack

Quantum key Distribution achievable Low total cost Proved unconditional security Anti-quantum attack

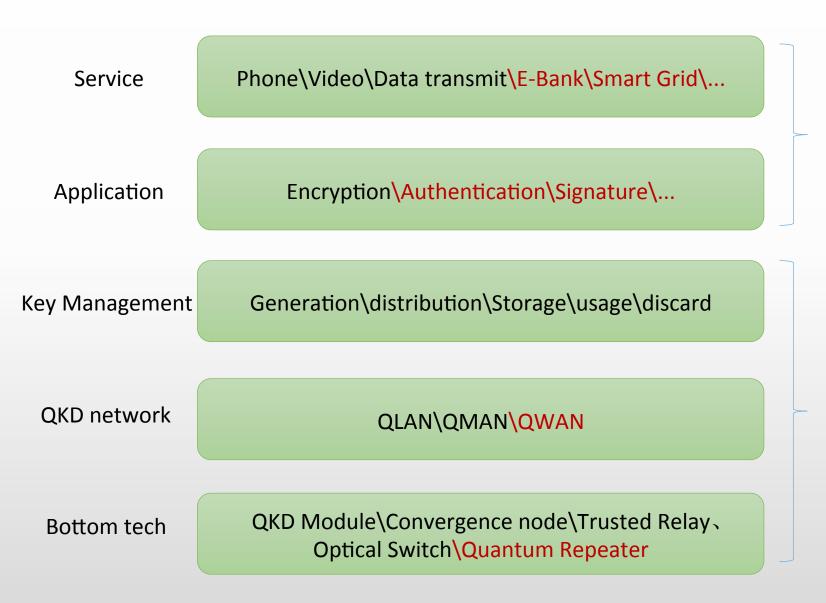
QKD seems to be the most outstanding Candidate for the future key infrastructure

Quantum Noise Encryption





Secure communication networks over Quantum key infrastructure

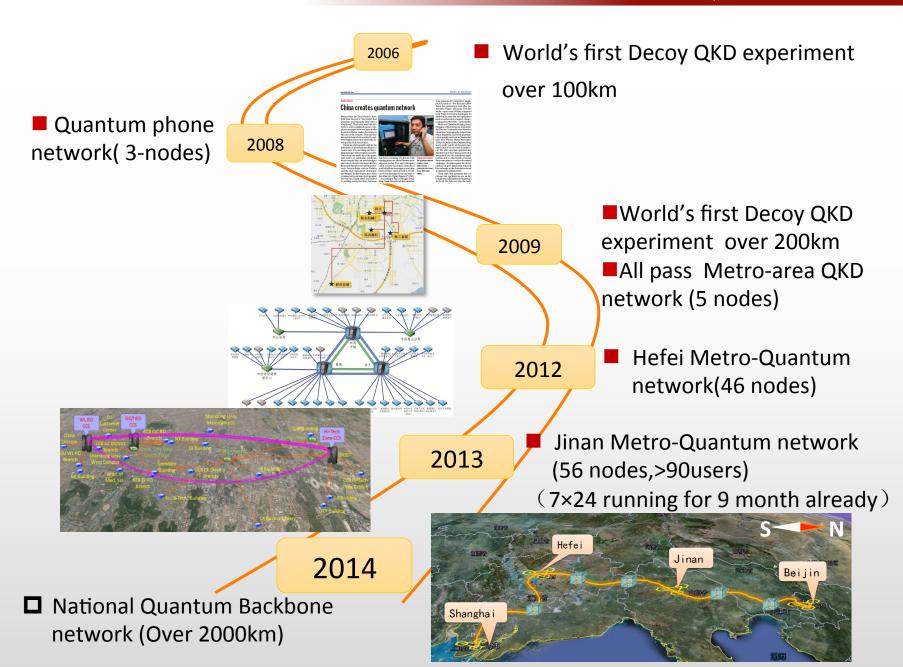


Secure Communication networks

Key infrastructure

The Roadmap of QKD network in China





2 Product landscape and design

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QLAN

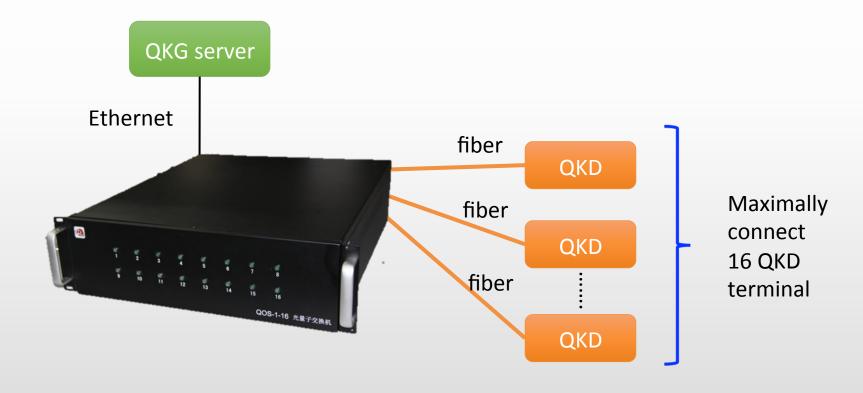
QMAN

QWAI

Application

All-pass Optical Switch

- 16 FC-PC optical interface
- Optical loss less than 1.5dB
- Ethernet Control interface



2 Product landscape and design

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QLAN

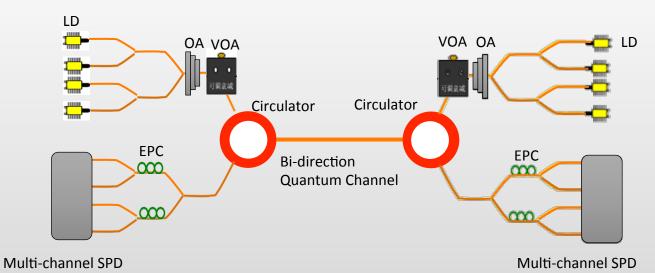
QMAN

QWAN

Application

Terminal – QKD transceiver

- BB84 Decoy state protocol
- Special design for all-pass type QLAN
- Higher rate and less cost
- Resistant to all known quantum hacker
- Fully hardware designed
- Optical path loss tolerance up to 18dB





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QLAN

QMAN

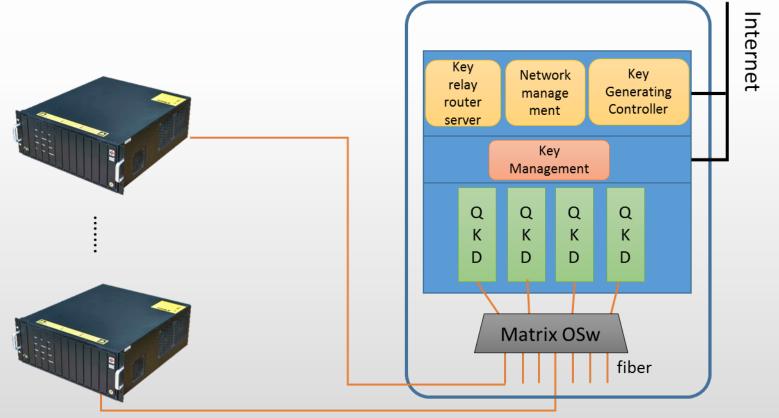
QWAN

Application

Centralized Control Station

- Convergence node and trusted relay in MAN
- Time Division Multiplexing to reduce total-cost







QMAN

QWAN

Why trusted relay?

There was a gap between the period of practical Quantum computer and Quantum repeater, meanwhile the trusted relay is the best choice



A huge quantum computer like this may be fatal to asymmetric cryptography



But a quantum repeater of similar size can not be set up in the most today telecom carrier room

2 Product landscape and design

QLAN

QMAN

QWAN

Application



GHz QKD Module

- Design for Backbone QKD network
- Optical path Loss tolerance up to more than 25dB
- Final key rate up to 1Mbps
- Fully hardware designed
- ATCA adapt









Easy installation and maintenance

Data process module

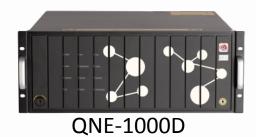
Single Photon Detector Module



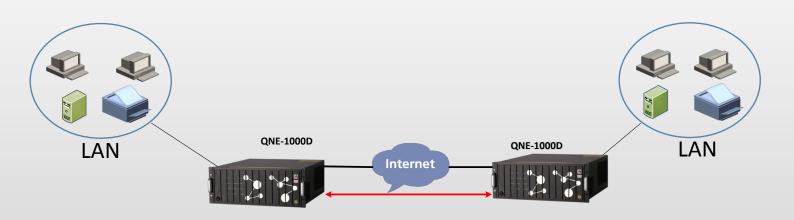
Application

Quantum Ethernet Encryptor

- Integrated design(QKD and Encryptor in one Chassis)
- Hardware(FPGA) Encryption up to 10Gbps
- Key(128bits) refresh rate up to 1000key/s
- Ethernet network interface
- Comply with Chinese national standards with the certificate







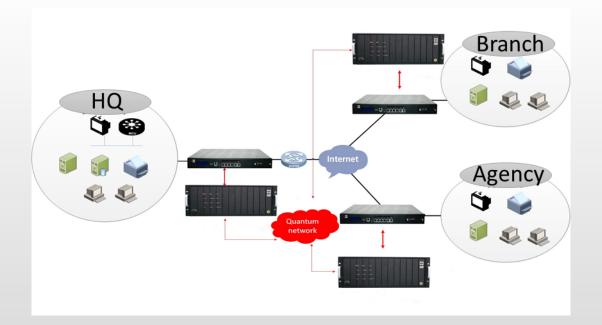


Application

Quantum VPN

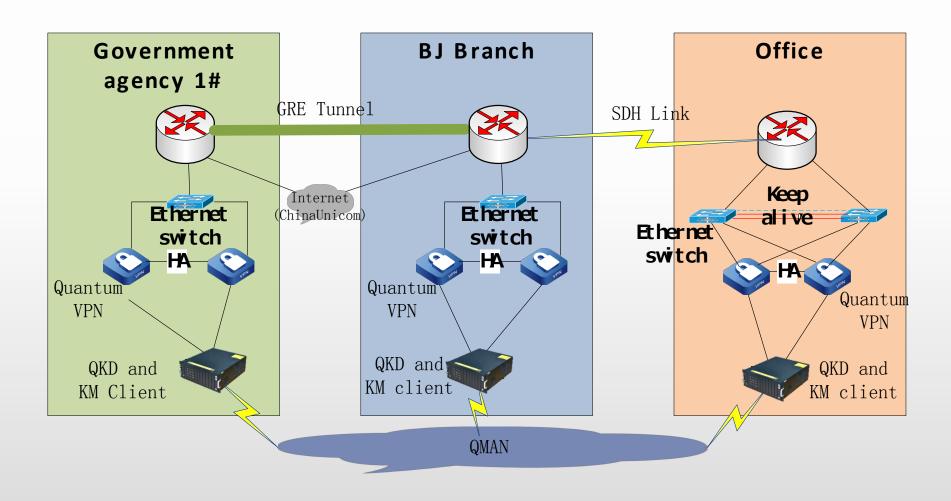
- Dual key(IKE key and Quantum key)
- encryption up to 10Gbps(CBC mode)
- Key refresh rate up to 100key/s
- Ethernet\SFP\XFP network interface
- Stackable





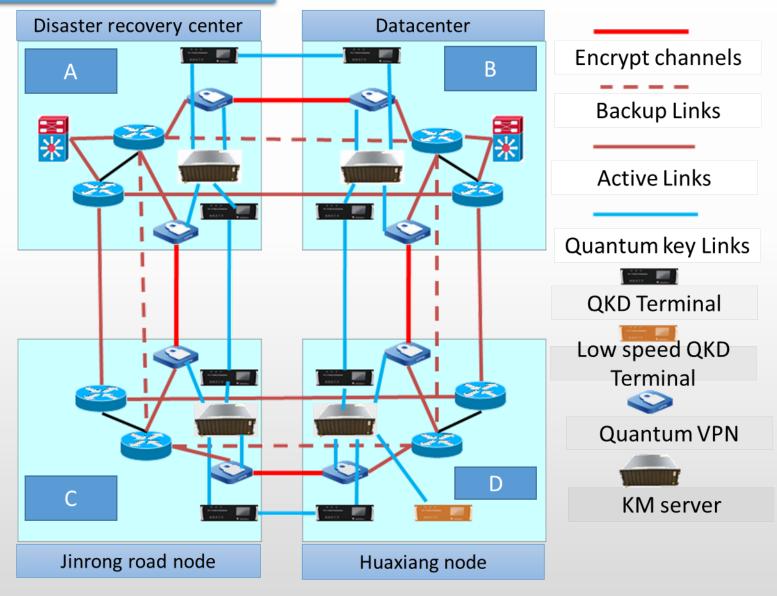


Government application case

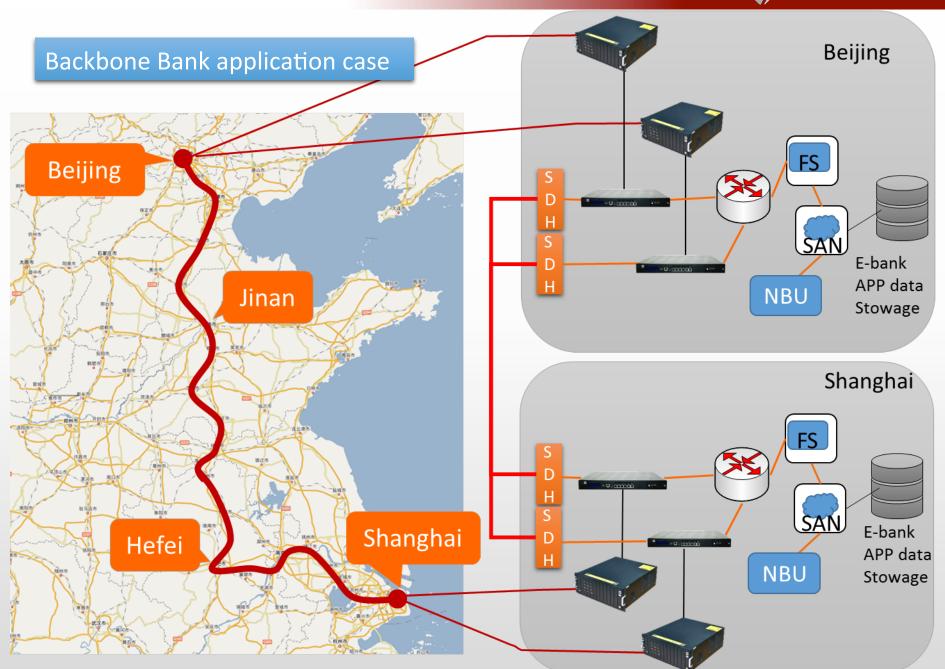




Local bank application case







































Thanks for your attention!

Website: www.quantum-info.com















